

допомогою Інтернету можна знайти та купити будь-які наркотичні препарати й отримати їх через систему “закладок” [2].

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UDC 343.915

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### THE MOST COMMON TYPES OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY: CRIMINOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND TENDENCIES

As the criminologists rightly point out, the juvenile delinquency structure differs from the crime of adults, since many crimes for minors are not available due to their age characteristics. Paper deals with the criminological characteristics, the state and dynamics of main types of crimes committed by minors: theft, robbery, robbery, hooliganism, drug-related crimes, illegal possession of transport, incl. car, fraud, bodily harm. The motives for committing juvenile offenses of certain types of crimes are determined.

It is also necessary to take into account that most juvenile offenses remain latent ones. Consequently, increased latency is a specific feature of juvenile delinquency, through which the actual level of juvenile delinquency is 3–4 times higher than that are recorded. The authors identified what kind of crimes had the lowest level of latency.

The purpose of the study is to establish certain patterns, features of certain types of crimes committed by minors and provide them with criminological characteristics on the basis of state statistical reporting during past 15 years.

It was found out that during the analyzed period most of the minors committed theft, and every fifth robber was a juvenile. In percentage terms the proportion of all crimes against person's age juvenile offenders is set.

Studies of mentioned kind are relevant due to the fact that the level of criminal activity of juveniles is an important indicator of the crime situation in society, and the tendencies of juvenile delinquency determine to a large extent the future state of crime in the country. One of the criteria of stability, reliability, development of society and state is the ability of the latter one, through its social institutions, to influence the upbringing of children in such a way as to keep minors from destructive, criminal behavior; to effectively organize a mechanism for the protection from the criminogenic impact on them.

**Keywords:** juvenile, crime, criminological characteristics, theft, robbery, hooliganism, robbery with violence, drugs, transport hijacking.

Отримано 05.07.2018